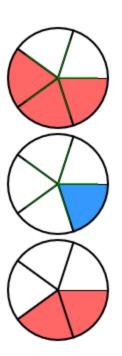
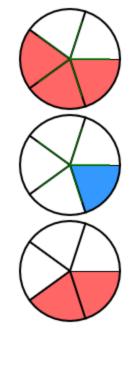
#### **How to Subtract Fractions**

#### Introducing:

- minuend
- subtrahend
- difference

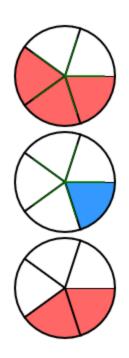


$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$
minuend subtrahend



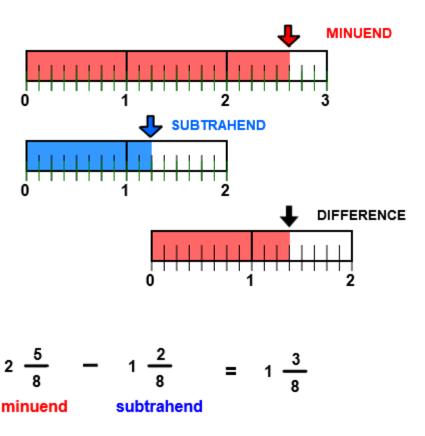
$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$
minuend subtrahend

This picture shows the *minuend*, *subtrahend*, and *difference*. The *difference* is what remains when the *subtrahend* is removed from the *minuend*.

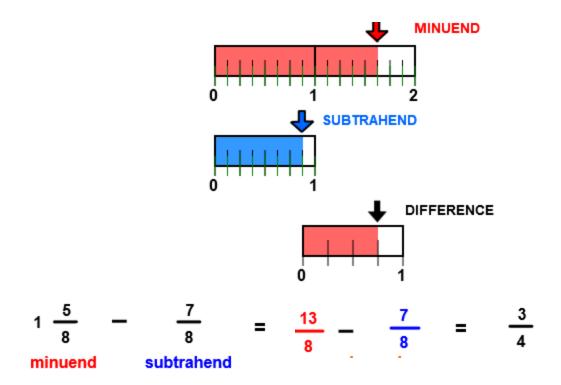


$$\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$
minuend subtrahend

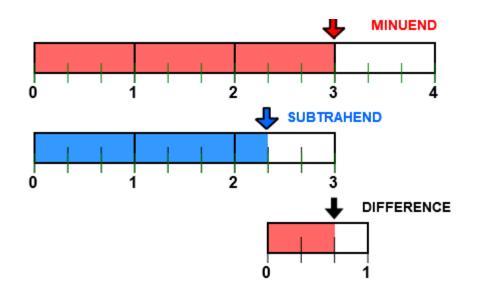
If the minuend and subtrahend have the same denominator, subtract the numerator of the *subtrahend* from the numerator of the *minuend* to get the numerator of the *difference*.



The whole number 1 in 1  $^2/_8$  is subtracted from the whole number 2 in 2  $^5/_8$  for a whole number 1 in the *difference*. The fractions  $^5/_8$  and  $^2/_8$  are subtracted for  $^3/_8$  in the *difference*.

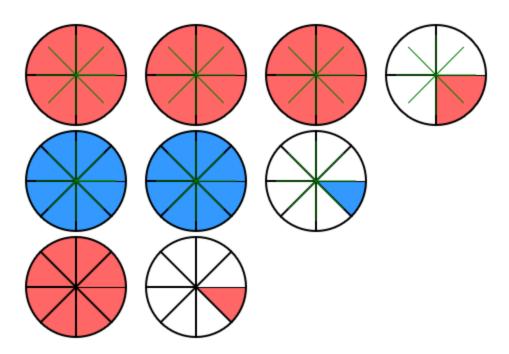


Here the subtrahend numerator in  $^{7}/_{8}$  is larger than the *minuend* numerator in 1  $^{5}/_{8}$ . To subtract, the *minuend* is renamed as  $^{13}/_{8}$ . Now the numerators in  $^{13}/_{8}$  and  $^{7}/_{8}$  can be subtracted. The *difference*  $^{6}/_{8}$  is renamed in lowest terms as  $^{3}/_{4}$ .



$$3 - 2\frac{1}{3} = 2\frac{3}{3} - 2\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$
minuend subtrahend rename minuend

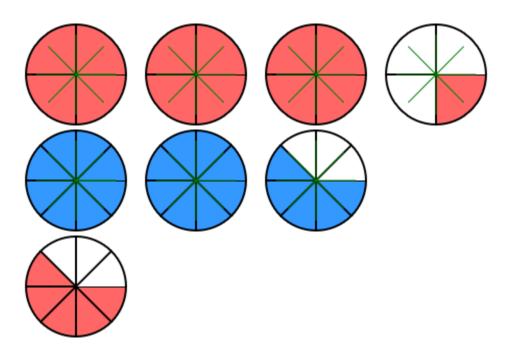
The *minuend* 3 is renamed as  $2^3/_3$  so that the numerators can be subtracted. This is done by decreasing the whole number 3 by 1 and renaming the 1 as  $^3/_3$ .  $3 = 2+1 = 2 + ^3/_3$ .



Write with common denominator 8 and subtract whole numbers and numerators.

$$3\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{1}{8} = 3\frac{2}{8} - 2\frac{1}{8} = 1\frac{1}{8}$$

Here, unlike fractions are renamed with a common denominator. The minuend  $3^{1}/_{4}$  is renamed as  $3^{2}/_{8}$ . Then the whole numbers and numerators are subtracted for a difference of  $1^{1}/_{8}$ .

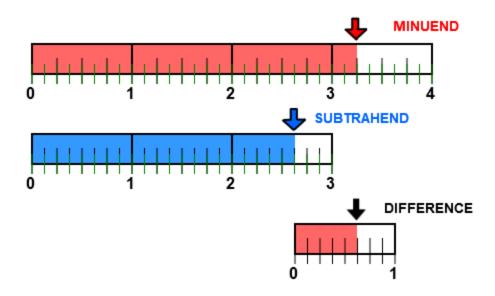


Write with common denominator 8 and subtract whole numbers and numerators.

$$3\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{5}{8} = 3\frac{2}{8} - 2\frac{5}{8} = 2\frac{10}{8} - 2\frac{5}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$
minuend subtrahend rename minuend

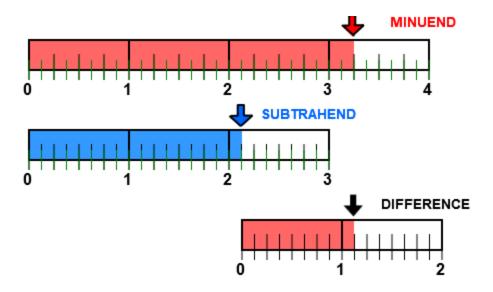
 $3^{1}/_{4}$  is renamed as  $3^{2}/_{8}$  to make like fractions. The minuend  $3^{2}/_{8}$  is then renamed as  $2^{10}/_{8}$  so that the numerators can be subtracted.

$$3^{2}/_{8} = 2 + 1 + \frac{2}{_{8}} = 2 + \frac{8}{_{8}} + \frac{2}{_{8}} = 2^{10}/_{8}$$



$$3\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{5}{8} = 3\frac{2}{8} - 2\frac{5}{8} = 2\frac{10}{8} - 2\frac{5}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$
minuend subtrahend rename minuend

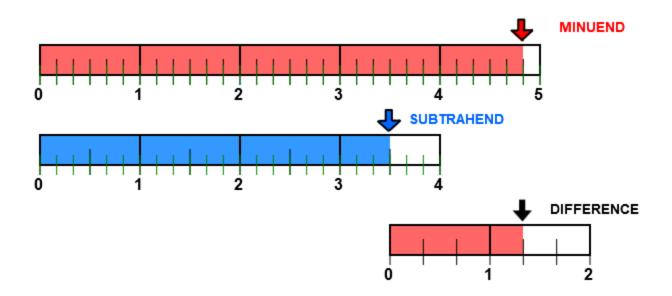
The same example with number lines shows that the *minuend* 3  $^{1}/_{4}$  is  $^{5}/_{8}$  larger than the *subtrahend* 2  $^{5}/_{8}$ .



$$3\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{1}{8} = 3\frac{2}{8} - 2\frac{1}{8} = 1\frac{1}{8}$$

Decreasing the *subtrahend* to 2  $^{1}/_{8}$  from the previous example increased the *difference* to 1  $^{1}/_{8}$ . The smaller the *subtrahend* the larger the *difference*.

$$4\frac{5}{6} - 3\frac{1}{2} = ?$$

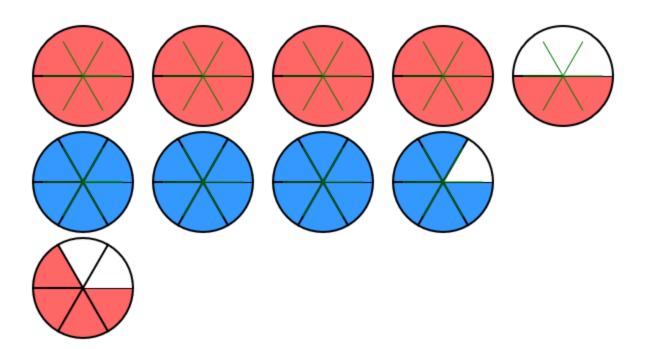


Write with common denominator 6 and subtract whole numbers and numerators.

$$4\frac{5}{6} - 3\frac{1}{2} = 4\frac{5}{6} - 3\frac{3}{6} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$4\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{5}{6} = ?$$

Find the difference between 4  $^{1}/_{2}$  and 3  $^{5}/_{6}$ .



Write with common denominator 6 and subtract whole numbers and numerators.

$$4\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{5}{6} = 4\frac{3}{6} - 3\frac{5}{6} = 3\frac{9}{6} - 3\frac{5}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$
minuend subtrahend rename minuend